

June 2022

Below is the 2021 Consumer Confidence Report for the Village of Cerro Gordo, Illinois. This notice provides summary information regarding a federal public right-to-know rule called by the same name(CCR). The CCR is an annual report that provides a “snapshot” of water quality and operations for each supply for a specific time period(previous calendar year). Since our water supply experienced no violations during 2021, the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency has issued us a waiver from direct-mail or hand-delivered requirement. However, if you would like a copy of this report, please feel free to pick one up at the Cerro Gordo Municipal Office during regular business hours.

Please note, this report states that NO VIOLATIONS were recorded for our facility during the CCR reporting period.

Consumer Confidence Report

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

CERRO GORDO

LL1470100

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2021
This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water, runoff, and residential uses.

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Source of Drinking Water	drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426 4791.
The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.	In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. EPA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.
Contaminants that may be present in source water include:	Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426 4791.
For more information regarding this report contact: Name: Mark Blickensderfer Phone: 217-763-8551	If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead .

Source Water Information

Source Water Name	Type of Water	Report Status	Location
WELL 8 (42145)	3.5 MILES NORTH OF TOWN	<u>ACTIVE</u>	
WELL 9 (01254)	3.5 MI N, 1 MI E, 0.75 MI N	<u>ACTIVE</u>	

Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at **217-763-8551**. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap/fact_sheets.pl.

Source of Water: CERRO GORDO's susceptibility to groundwater contamination, the following document was reviewed: a Well Site Survey, published in 1990 by the Illinois EPA. Based on the information obtained in this document there are no potential source of groundwater contamination that could pose hazard to groundwater utilized by Cerro Gordo's community water supply wells. The facility has indicated that the above-mentioned potential sources of contamination have been removed. Based upon this information, the Illinois EPA has determined that the Cerro Gordo Community Water Supply's source water for wells #6 and #7 is susceptible to SOC and VOC contamination. The land use within the recharge areas of the wells was analyzed as part of this susceptibility determination. This land use includes agricultural properties. However, as a result of monitoring conducted at the wells and entry point to the distribution system and the land use activities, Cerro Gordo's source water for wells #6 and #7 is not susceptible to VOC contamination. The source water for wells #8 and #9 is not susceptible to VOC, VOC, or SOC contamination. Furthermore, in anticipation of the U.S. EPA's proposed Ground Water Rule, the Illinois EPA has determined that Cerro Gordo's community water supply wells #8 and #9 are not vulnerable. This determination is based upon the fact that the following criteria were evaluated: the wells are properly constructed with sound integrity and proper site conditions; all potential routes and sanitary defects have been mitigated such that the source water is adequately protected; monitoring data did not indicate a history of disease outbreak; and the sanitary survey of the water supply did not indicate a viral contamination threat. However, having state this, the [U.S.] EPA is proposing to require States to identify systems in karst, gravel and fractured rock aquifer systems as sensitive and these systems must perform routine source water monitoring. Because the community's wells are constructed in both confined and unconfined sand and gravel aquifers, the Illinois EPA evaluated the well hydraulics associated with Cerro Gordo's well fields. Wells #8 and #9 have a confining layer of clay above the portion of the aquifer contributing a significant quantity of groundwater to the screened interval. This should provide and adequate degree of protection to prevent the movement of pathogens into the wells.

Lead and Copper

Definitions:

Action Level Goal (ALG) : The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2021	1.3	1.3	0.16	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives; corrosion of household plumbing systems.

Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:

The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Avg:

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Level 1 Assessment:

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment:

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

n/a:

not applicable.

microgram:

milligrams per liter or parts per billion or one ounce in 1,350,000 gallons of water.

ppb:

milligrams per liter or parts per million or one ounce in 1,350 gallons of water

Treatment Technique or TT:

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulated Contaminants

Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCL/G	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	12/31/2021	1.1	0.4 - 1.7	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	ppm	N	water additive used to control microbes.
Halocacetic Acids (HAA5)	2021	4.7	4.6 - 4.7	No goal for the total	6.0	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2021	79	77.8 - 79	No goal for the total	8.0	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCL/G	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Arsenic	03/10/2020	2.12	2.12 - 2.12	0	10	ppb	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Barium	03/10/2020	0.182	0.182	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	03/10/2020	0.61	0.61	4	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2021	1	1.22 - 1.37	1.0	1.0	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage. Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	03/10/2020	88.4	88.4	88.4		ppm	N	Erosion from naturally occurring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration.
Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCL/G	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Combined Radium 226/228	03/23/2017	1.78	1.78	0	5	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits.
Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium	03/23/2017	5.5	5.5	0	15	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits.

JUNE 2022

LOCATIONS CERRO GORDO CONSUMER
CONFIDENCE REPORT CAN BE VIEWED

VILLAGE OF CERRO GORDO MUNICIPLE OFFICE
231 SOUTH ST

U.S. POST OFFICE-CERRO GORDO 315 E SOUTH

CERRO GORDO AMERICAN LEGION POST #117
220 E WAIT STREET